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VIA 3 N40 exposure

DYNAMIC BLANKER INTEGRATION INTO THE MAPPER TOOL : THE DYNAMICS OF AN ANNOUNCED SUCCESS

LETI Lithography | Workshop SPIE 2018 MuliBeam Session

WHAT PROBLEMS COULD BE ADDRESSED

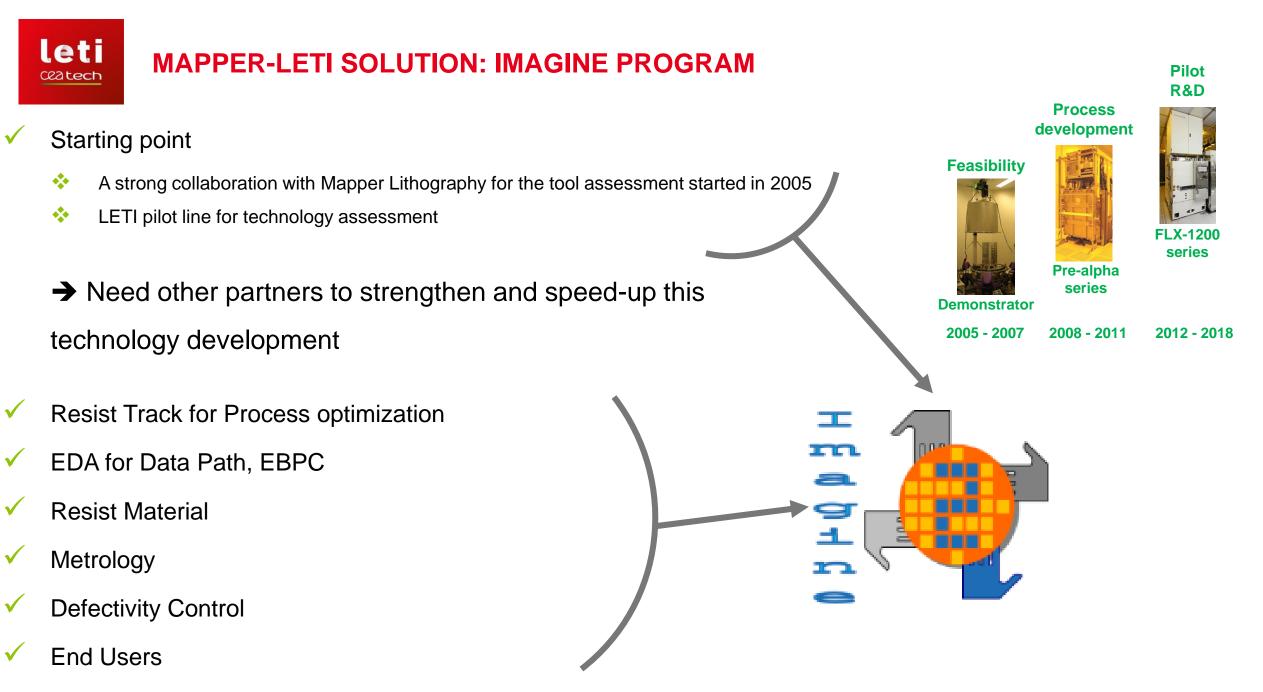
- Lithography Solution for:
 - Prototyping in R&D and Pilot Line for technology evaluation
 - Fab capability extension to address resolution below 100 nm and/or small scale production
 - Truly unique chips, individual design

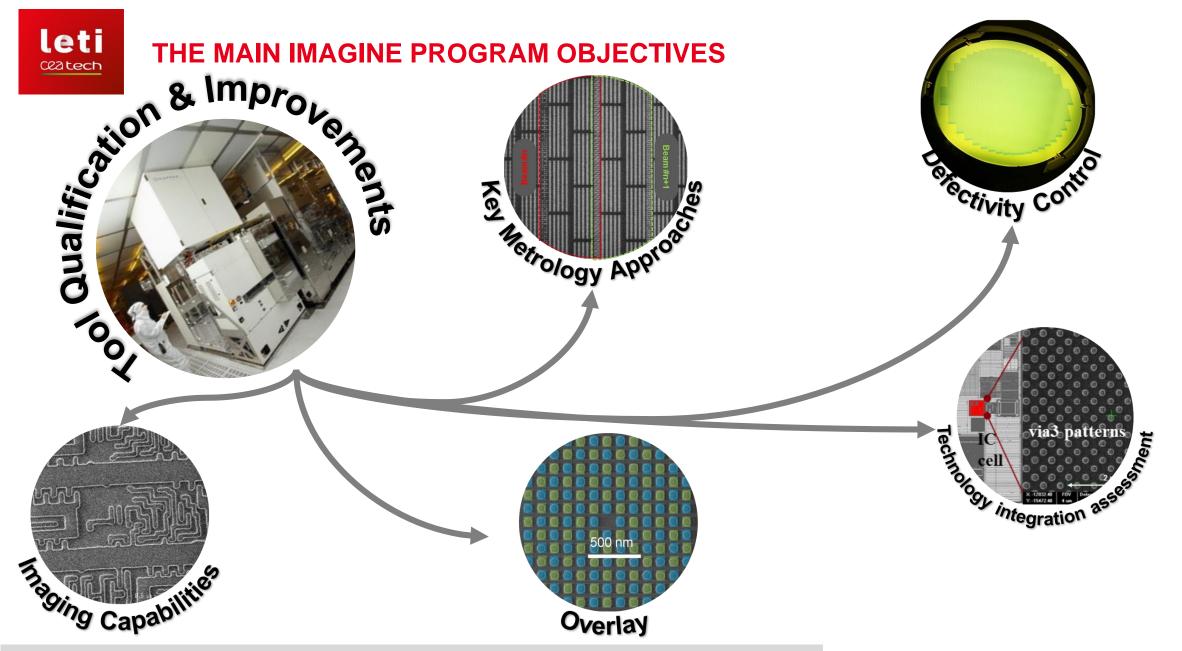
Need to have access to:

- Versatile lithography technology
- Maskless approach preferred (save \$\$\$ w.r.t. mask cost)
- High resolution (not ultra high) compatible with N40 and above
- Reasonable throughput

Solutions available:

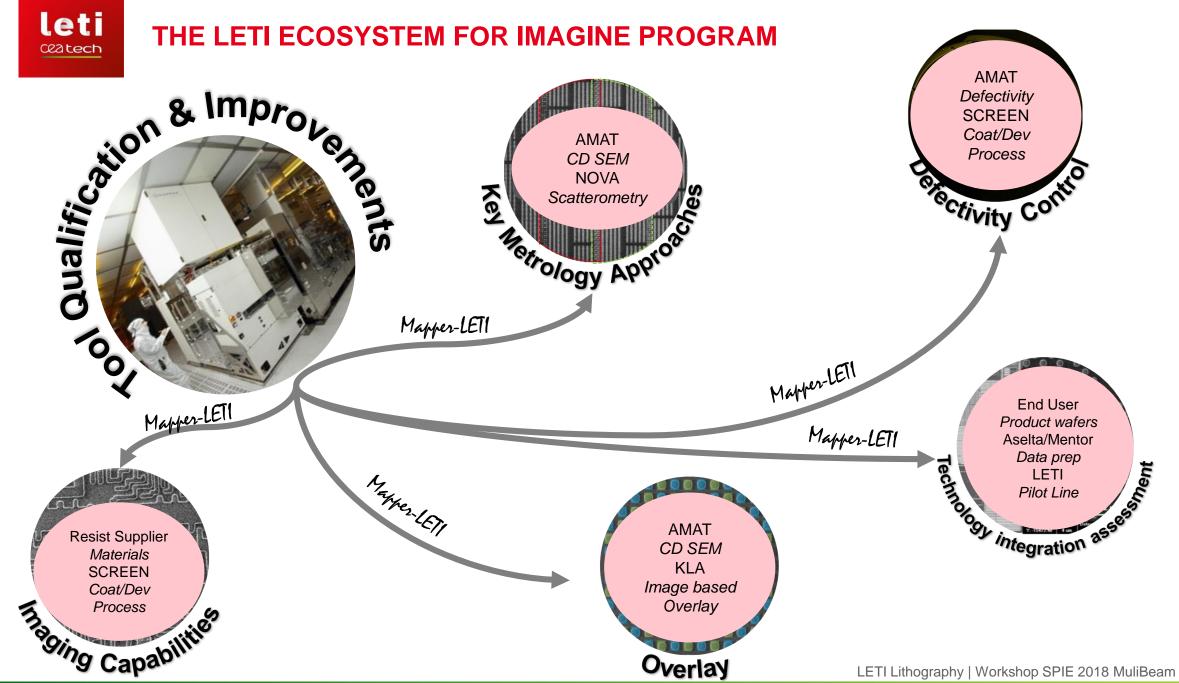
Key Parameters	Throughout (Wph)	Resolution	Productivity	Need for masks	Manufacturing Solution ?
Optical Step & Scan Lithography	High (> 100)	~ 40 nm	Volume manufacturing compatible	YES (\$\$\$\$)	YES
Conventional Ebeam	Limited by total current in 1 beam. Pattern dependent	~ 10 nm	<< 1 wph, lab only	NO	NO
Mapper Platform	Current in 1 beam multiplied by number of beams. (65,000x – 650,000x). Not pattern dependent	~ 30 nm	Volume manufacturing compatible	NO	YES





Performance validation of Mapper's FLX-1200 (Invited Paper)

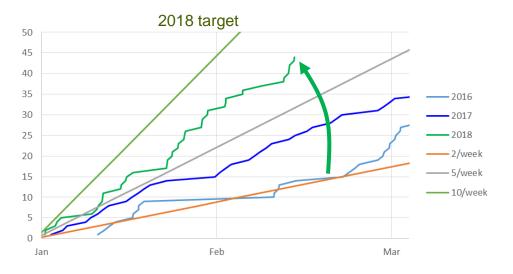
Marco Wieland, MAPPER Lithography; Yoann Blancquaert, Stéfan Landis, Laurent Pain, Jonathan Pradelles, Guido Rademaker, Isabelle Servin, CEA-LETI; Guido de Boer, Pieter Brandt, Michel Dansberg, Remco Jager, Jerry Peijster, Erwin Slot, Stijn Steenbrink, MAPPER Lithography [10584-15]

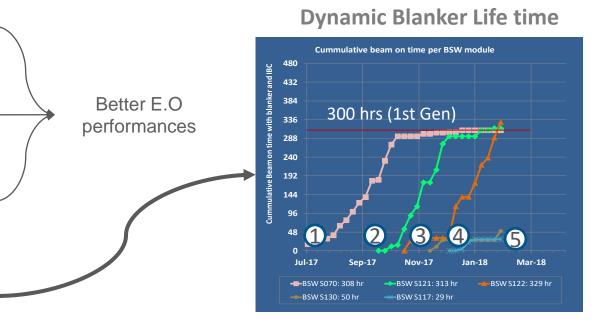




THE MAIN ACHIEVEMENTS (ABOUT THE TOOL)

- Cumulative exposure on the FLX1200 (2016-2017-2018)
 - Since 2016 large ↗ of # of exposures
 - Wafer clamping yield > 80%
 - In 2017 only 1 week without exposure
 - Constant increase of the exposure capability
- Improvement of the beam alignment on beam stop
 - 100% of the beams still aligned after exposure
- \checkmark Dose to size monitoring (CD target 42 nm $\frac{1}{2}$ pitch).
 - Mean value 34.00 μC/cm² (σ= 2.80 μC/cm²)
- Exposure latitude monitoring (CD target 42 nm ½ pitch)
 - Mean value 1.5 %/nm (σ= 0.24 %/nm)
- Switch from static blanker to dynamic blanker (H2-2017)





THE MAIN ACHIEVEMENTS (ABOUT THE INTERNAL METROLOGY)

Goal = to correlate the in tool measurements (tool parameters) with the in resist (after exposure) measurements:

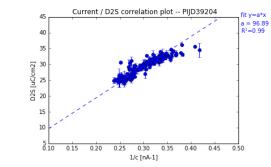
Beam current vs dose to size

49 Sub Beams scan a Knife Edge

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- Current measurement of each Beam ($@ \neq$ process steps) **
- Dose to size measurement CD-SEM in resist exposed for each beam **



Sub beam pitch in resist wrt beam position over the slit

For 1 Beam

Stable correlation kept for >5h with multiple loading & unloading in the tool

> Uniform & Narrow distribution across the slit (blanker)

-2 Beam position in the slit [resist Robust & good correlation Spot size (performed on several exposure & ope: 0.606 +/- 0.0593 sub-beams) Spot size KE LETI Lithography | Workshop SPIE 2018 MuliBeam Session | 7

Sub beam spot size

Sub beam pitch

**

- All beams scan a Knife Edge in parallel (spot size vs focus) •••
- CD SEM measurement from exposed line (CD vs Dose) **

CD SEM measurement from exposed dense line

THE MAIN ACHIEVEMENTS (ABOUT METROLOGY)

Metrology challenges:

- Critical dimension
- 'Overlay' in two passes & with respect to previous layer
- Beam Stitching
- Beam deflection strength measurements

- *Current solution = CD-SEM*
- ➔ time consuming // need post data treatment
- ➔ Not scalable to qualify all beams

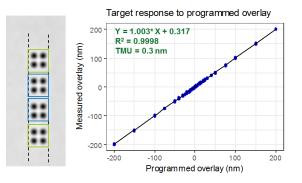
Optical methods tailored to Mapper's needs to be developed and assessed

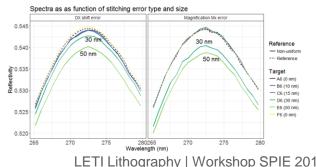
- KLA Tencor: Image based overlay and stitching
 - Actual mark design wider (4µm) than pattern written by single beam
 - New variation of the AIMid (in-die) metrology targets with smaller mark size & Archer 600 platform
 - Used programmed overlay (programed misalignment)

Overlay and stitching metrology for massively parallel electron-beam lithography

Guido Rademaker, Jonathan Pradelles, Stéfan Landis, Stephane Rey, CEALETI; Anna Golotsvan, KLA-Tencor Corp.; Tal Itzkovich, KLA-Tencor Israel; Tetyana Shapoval, Ronny Haupt, KLA-Tencor GmbH; Erwin Slot, Guido de Boer, Dhara Dave, Marco Wieland, MAPPER Lithography; Laurent Pain, CEA-LETI [10585-29]

- NOVA: OCD based on Scatterometry
 - Used of programmed non uniformity in line array
 - CD errors: Leads to 'effective CD' of grating; < 0.6 nm precision
 - Displacement in X (DX): 6 beams with 30 nm shifts can be detected in spectrum
 - Beam magnification in X (MX): 6 beams with 30 nm shifts can be detected in spectrum







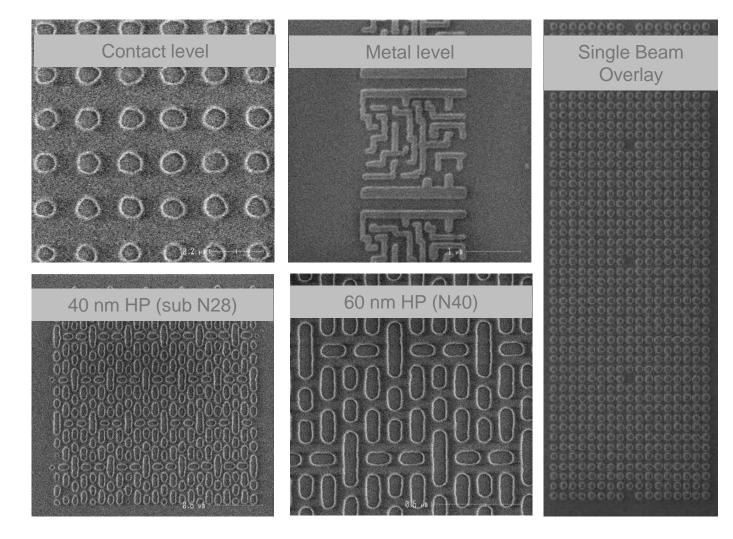
THE MAIN ACHIEVEMENTS (ABOUT THE IMAGING CAPABILITIES)

&

Getting close to covering a full 300 mm wafer in 52 minutes with the static blanker

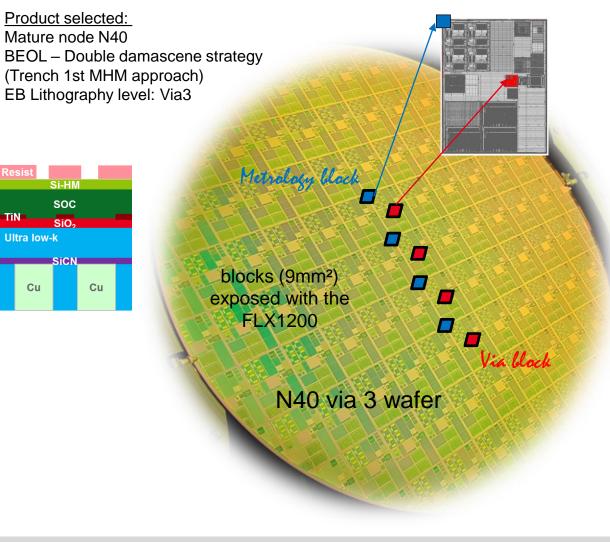


First exposures after upgrade to fully programmable blanker





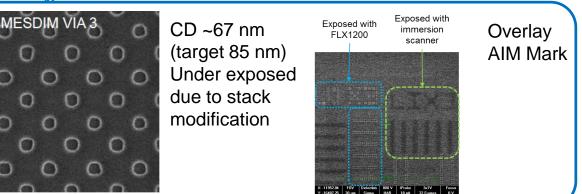
THE MAIN ACHIEVEMENTS (ABOUT INTEGRATION)

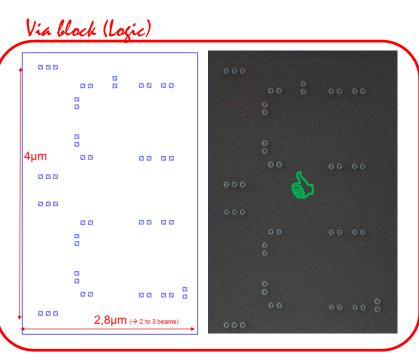


Process development for the maskless N40 via layer for security application

Isabelle Servin, Patricia Pimenta-Barros, Allan Germain, Arthur Bernadac, Jonathan Pradelles, Yoann Blancquaert, Philippe Essomba, Stéfan Landis, CEA-LETI; Gerard F. ten Berge, Marco Wieland, MAPPER Lithography [10584-36]

Metrology block







- \checkmark Stabilize number of exposures to ~ 3 expos/day with the 5x5 mm² field configuration.
- Assess new Dynamic Blanker integration to target lifetime > 500 h with >90 % of usable stripes
- Assess platform/processes for VIA 3 (N40) on customer wafers to qualify the full patterning (lithography & etching) process
- Identify & Classify defectivity sources to improve beams yield & selection
- ✓ CD non uniformity assessment (multi sources) with Optical Scatterometry Approach with NOVA
- Overlay and Stitching characterization with new overlay marks with KLA
- ✓ Fast shuttle slots set-up "open" for customer demonstration

Leti THE NEXT STEPS FOR FURTHER ASSESSMENT AND VALIDATION

